

Accelerated Bachelor of Science in Nursing

Student Nurse Handbook 2021-2022



“Educating individuals committed to competence and compassion in the nursing profession, serving God and society”



ANDERSON UNIVERSITY

School of Nursing and Kinesiology

anderson.edu/nursing

Policies reviewed annually. Policy updates are ongoing as changes are implemented throughout the year.

Table of Contents

Section I — Program Description	4
Introduction	4
Statement of Compliance	4
Accreditation	4
Mission Statement	4
Overview of the School of Nursing	4
Overview of the Nursing Curriculum	5
Philosophy of School of Nursing	7
Conceptual Framework	8
BSN Program Outcomes	8
Section II — Academic Advisement	8
Section III — Scholarship, Admission, Progression, and Graduation Requirements	9
Scholarships	9
Criteria for Admission to the Nursing Major	9
Other Requirements for Admission to the Nursing Major	10
Progression Policy for the Second Degree Accelerated Program	11
Section IV— Methods of Evaluation	12
Classroom Testing	13
Section V — Clinical Evaluation	13
Clinical Component.....	13
Section VI — Behavior Expectations	14
Code for Nurses	14
Social Media Policy	15
Chemically Impaired Student, Drug and Alcohol Policy	15
Attendance	16
Technical Standards for Admission and Graduation	17
Section VII — Graduation and Degree Requirements	18
Application for Graduation	18
Student Retention	19
Dismissal/Withdrawal	19
Grading Policy	20
Program Dismissal Policy	20
Informal and Formal Complaint Policy and Procedure	20

Criteria for Grade Appeal	21
Procedure for Appealing a Grade	21
Incomplete	22
Readmission	22
Section VII — Simulation Lab Policy and Procedures	23
Section VIII — Clinical Experiences	31
Chapel Attendance as a Nursing Student	31
Student Course Work Review (Accreditation)	32
Student Incident or Injury	32
Skill Lab/St.Vincent Anderson Regional Center for Clinical Excellence	32
Inclement Weather	32
Liability Insurance	32
Transportation	33
Nursing Student Uniform	33
General Appearance	33
Donations	34
Section IX — Student Affairs	34
Student Representation on SON Committees	39
Sigma Theta Tau International, Honor Society of Nursing	35
Departmental Honors Recognition Policy	35
SON Student Awards and Criteria	36
Section XII — Employment and Licensure	38
Student Nurse Employment	38
Rules and Regulations from Indiana State Board of Nursing	38

Policies reviewed annually. Policy updates are ongoing as changes are implemented throughout the year.

Section I: Program Description

INTRODUCTION

This handbook provides information about major policies, procedures, and guidelines for the School of Nursing (SON) Bachelor of Science in Nursing (BSN) program. The handbook is also available on the School of Nursing website at anderson.edu/nursing.

In addition, students should read and reference the Anderson University (AU) Undergraduate Catalog and the Anderson University Student Handbook. These references may be obtained on the Anderson University website at anderson.edu.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

Anderson University maintains compliance with applicable federal and state statutes related to private institutions of higher education, including the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), as amended; the Student Right to Know Act, as amended; and the Solomon Amendment. In compliance with the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and 1991, Title IX of the Educational Amendments of 1972, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 as amended, the university does not discriminate in its educational programs or admissions procedures. Anderson University is a not-for-profit, exempt organization as described in Section 501(c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The following individuals have been designated to handle inquiries regarding non-discrimination policies: Director of Human Resources, 1100 E. Fifth St., Anderson, IN 46012, telephone (765) 641-4133, and Director of Disability Services for Students, 1100 E. Fifth St., Anderson, IN 46012, telephone (765) 641-4223.

ACCREDITATION

Anderson University is accredited by the Higher Learning Commission: website address www.hlcommission.org, phone (312) 263-0456. The program leading to the Bachelor of Science in Nursing degree is approved by the Indiana State Board of Nursing. The Bachelor of Science in Nursing program at Anderson University received continuing accreditation for the maximum of 10 years by the Commission on Collegiate Nursing Education (CCNE), www.aacn.nche.edu/ccne-accreditation.

MISSION STATEMENT

The Anderson University School of Nursing was established in 1973 in response to the community's need for nurses to provide care in local institutions. Since that time the program has evolved to offering baccalaureate and masters level nursing education and is dedicated to **"Educating individuals committed to competence and compassion in the nursing profession, serving God and society"** (approved 3/2004, reaffirmed 5/2009, 8/2012, 8/2014, and 5/2016).

OVERVIEW OF THE SCHOOL OF NURSING

In 1973, in response to closure of a diploma program of nursing at Saint John's Hospital, the AU School of Nursing was established, offering an Associate of Science in Nursing (ASN) program, followed by a Bachelor of Science in Nursing (BSN) program in 1986. The Associate of Science degree program successfully graduated 755 individuals until it was closed in May 1991. The MSN program successfully graduated 124 individuals until it closed in May 2019.

In the early 1980s, the program offered a 2+2 program for three years. This served as a transition to the present degree offering. In 1986, the department received permission from the university board of trustees, administration, and faculty to initiate the process of dropping the 2+2 program and offering the traditional Bachelor of Science in Nursing. The first traditional students graduated in 1992. The BSN program continues to date.

In 1995, the Anderson University School of Nursing began offering a program allowing associate degree-registered nurses to complete a Bachelor of Science in Nursing. This program extended over three calendar years, with the majority of the instruction occurring on the weekends. Having met the community needs, it was decided in 1999 to only offer the traditional Bachelor of Science in Nursing degree. However, a need was identified for this type of continuing education in 2009, and the RN-BSN Completion Program was initiated, with substantial curricular changes, in the fall of 2010. This program was again closed in 2014.

In 2019 the Anderson University School of Nursing began offering an Accelerated second-degree BSN program (ABSN). This program is designed for students who have earned a bachelor's degree in a non-nursing field and want to pursue a nursing career. This is a full-time, five-semester program, requiring 61 credit hours of nursing education.

OVERVIEW OF THE NURSING CURRICULUM

The Anderson University School of Nursing has an integrated curriculum extending over three academic years based upon the Ecological Model of Health. The major is intentionally designed to incorporate learning from the liberal arts in nursing courses. The nursing care of individuals, families, groups, communities, and populations as patients are included in clinical experiences (*The Essentials of Baccalaureate Education for Professional Nursing Practice, American Association of Colleges of Nursing, 2008*).

COMMISSION ON COLLEGIATE NURSING EDUCATION (CCNE) BACCALAUREATE ESSENTIALS

The Anderson University School of Nursing Pre-licensure Bachelor of Science in Nursing program incorporates the essential elements required for professional nursing education by the American Association of Colleges of Nursing. The Baccalaureate Essentials detail standards for preparing bachelor's degree nurses to assume roles as care providers; as designers, managers, and coordinators of care; and as members of a profession. Within these roles, the document provides specific standards for educational components that are essential for all baccalaureate nursing programs, including liberal education, professional values, core knowledge, and role development (aacnnursing.org/Education-Resources/AACN-Essentials). The Essentials of Baccalaureate Education for professional nurses was last revised in 2008 and includes the following:

- **Essentials I:** Liberal Arts Education for Baccalaureate Generalist Nursing Practice
- **Essentials II:** Basic Organization and Systems Leadership for Quality Care and Patient Safety
- **Essentials III:** Scholarship for Evidence-Based Practice
- **Essentials IV:** Information Management and Application of Patient Care Technology
- **Essentials V:** Health Care Policy, Finance, and Regulatory Environments
- **Essentials VI:** Inter-Professional Communication and Collaboration for Improving Patient Health Outcomes
- **Essentials VII:** Clinical Prevention and Population Health for Improving Health
- **Essentials VIII:** Professionalism and Professional Values
- **Essentials IX:** Baccalaureate Generalist Nursing Practice

INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE (IOM) FUTURE OF NURSING REPORT

nationalacademies.org/hmd/Reports/2010/The-Future-of-Nursing-Leading-Change-Advancing-Health.aspx

In 2011, the IOM published a workshop report, titled *The Future of Nursing Leading Change, Advancing Health* (Washington, D.C.: The National Academies Press) in which certain competencies were agreed on as essential for clinical education and in being consistent with the principles of the 21st-century health system. Educator, accreditation, licensing, and certification organizations should ensure that students working professionally develop and maintain proficiency in these five core areas. The AUSON Pre-licensure BSN program strives to do the following throughout the program:

- Provide Patient-Centered Care
- Work on Interprofessional Teams
- Employ Evidence-Based Practice
- Apply Quality Improvements
- Utilize Informatics

NATIONAL COUNCIL LICENSURE EXAMINATION-REGISTERED NURSE (NCLEX-RN)

The nursing courses, which vary by specialty area, expand and extend knowledge and complexity, providing an opportunity for students to develop skills in evidence-based practice. Following program completion, students are prepared to sit for the National Council Licensure Examination for Registered Nurses (NCLEX-RN). For further information on this exam, please see the National Council of State Boards of Nursing: ncsbn.org/nclex.htm. The elements of the NCLEX-RN Blueprint are incorporated into AUSON Pre-licensure BSN courses and are as follows:

- Safe and Effective Care Environment: Management of Care
- Safe and Effective Care Environment: Safety and Infection Control
- Health Promotion and Maintenance
- Psychosocial Integrity
- Physiological Integrity: Basic Care and Comfort
- Physiological Integrity: Pharmacological and Parenteral Therapies
- Physiological Integrity: Reduction of Risk Potential
- Physiological Integrity: Physiological Adaptation

Quality and Safety Education for Nurses (QSEN)

The Robert Wood Johnson Foundation (RWJF) has funded the Quality and Safety Education for Nurses (QSEN) project. The overall goal through all phases of QSEN is to address the challenge of preparing future nurses with the knowledge, skills, and attitudes (KSA) necessary to continuously improve the quality and safety of the healthcare systems in which they work. The AUSON Pre-licensure BSN program incorporates the following areas as identified by QSEN (qsen.org/competencies):

- **Patient-Centered Care** — Recognize the patient or designee as the source of control and a full partner in providing compassionate and coordinated care based on respect for the patient’s preferences, values, and needs.
- **Teamwork and Collaboration** — Function effectively within nursing and inter-professional teams, fostering open communication, mutual respect, and shared decision-making to achieve quality patient care.
- **Evidence-based Practice (EBP)** — Integrate best current evidence with clinical expertise and patient/family preferences and values for delivery of optimal healthcare.
- **Quality Improvement (QI)** — Use data to monitor the outcomes of care processes and use improvement methods to design and test changes to continuously improve the quality and safety of healthcare systems.
- **Safety** — Minimize risk of harm to patients and providers through both system effectiveness and individual performance.
- **Informatics** — Use information and technology to communicate, manage knowledge, mitigate error, and support decision-making.

PHILOSOPHY OF SCHOOL OF NURSING

Each person is a unique creation of God. To honor and serve God and all persons is the ultimate purpose of the human experience. This includes honoring through health, well-being, and wholeness. The discipline of nursing includes persons, environment, health, and education. Within these concepts, students must learn to apply clinical judgment in order to provide optimal patient care and achieve their highest potential as nurses.

Learning in a Christian environment offers a unique value system that fosters a commitment to service. Local and global experiences prepare students to be sensitive to the needs of culturally diverse persons, developing a style of Christian servanthood.

Persons/Human Beings: Persons are an integrated outcome of the Ecological Model domains, which include intrapersonal, interpersonal, community, environment, public policy, and spiritual domains. These components are inseparable and complement each other in all aspects of human existence. Each person, as a unique creation of God, is irreplaceable. Human beings have the right to be treated with dignity, respect, and compassion. To honor and serve God and others is the ultimate purpose of the human experience.

Persons, families, groups, communities, and populations interact with these domains and are capable of adaptation. Persons should be viewed as valuable and should be esteemed by others regardless of gender, ethnicity, nationality, socioeconomic status, cultural lifestyle, religion, or belief system. The life cycle of each person involves many transformations and opportunities for growth and development within and throughout the domains.

The Environment: The environment has the capacity to influence human response and can be experienced as a physical environment (the character and condition of the water, air, open space, plants, and wildlife, as well as different living infrastructures), a social environment (influence of family and peers; community attitudes about gender roles, race, childbearing, work, etc.), a political environment (policies and laws, such as anti-smoking ordinances, that regulate behavior or lifestyle; the attitudes of those in power toward specific groups or issues), or an economic environment (the availability of decent-wage jobs, affordable housing, and health insurance; the community tax base; global economic conditions) (Precede/Proceed, 2018, para. 35).

—Precede/Proceed. (2018). Retrieved from Community Tool Box:
ctb.ku.edu/en/table-contents/overview/other-models-promoting-community-health-and-development/preceder-proceder/main

Health: Within the Ecological Model, health is a multidimensional process that includes, but is not limited to physical, emotional, spiritual, and psychological health. The definition of optimal health is individualized to each person interacting within and throughout the domains. Persons, organizations, communities, and systems share responsibility for promoting health, preventing disease, and reducing disparities.

Nursing: Nursing is a profession that incorporates evidence-based research using a holistic approach to empower people to strive toward their optimal health. Within the Ecological Model, the nurse as part of an inter-collaborative healthcare team is accountable and responsible for the synthesis of theoretical and experiential knowledge; the application of social, cultural, interpersonal, and technological skills; and the motivation to serve others with compassion. The professional role of the nurse includes those as a provider of care, advocate, leader, coordinator, change agent, educator, and a member of the multidisciplinary healthcare team. As a serving profession, the nurse cares for

the individual, family, community, and population through effort, perseverance, ingenuity, and human and material resources. The nurse also upholds the standards of practice, code of ethics, and the pursuit of lifelong learning for continued professional development.

Nursing Education: The goal of nursing education is student-centered learning through active engagement. Students must learn to think critically and creatively to achieve their highest potential as nurses and assume responsibility and accountability for ongoing professional development and lifelong learning in a perpetually changing healthcare environment. Improving health requires futuristic thinking and adopting advocacy roles for individuals, families, communities, and populations. Learning in a Christian environment provides a unique value system that fosters a commitment to service. Local and global experiences prepare students to be sensitive to the needs of culturally diverse persons and to purposefully adopt a style of Christian servanthood.

The knowledge for nursing practice and the needs of nursing change rapidly. Students must be prepared to practice in conditions of constant change; therefore, the emphasis of learning is on concepts of patient-centered care, teamwork and collaboration, evidence-based practice, quality improvement, safety, and informatics. The ability to change is enhanced through the use of the Ecological Model, which encourages flexibility and adaptation.

Nursing knowledge consists of cognitive, affective, and psychomotor components. Students and faculty share responsibility for the educational process within a climate of mutual respect. Students are actively involved in clinical reasoning endeavors such as experiencing, analyzing, questioning, and evaluating within a caring Christian community: Faculty value the varied learning needs of students and facilitate experiential opportunities that assist the student in meeting specified educational goals, articulate previous learning, develop meaningful relationships, and mature in self-understanding and professional conduct.

—Copyright 2003 by the School of Nursing, Anderson University; Reviewed 9/2004, Revised 5/2011, and 05/2018

CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK

The AUSON Conceptual Framework borrows elements from the Ecological Model of Health as a way to comprehend the complex interplay between people, relationships, and environments.

At the core of the framework is the **intrapersonal** sphere, made up of a person who includes factors such as knowledge, attitudes, skills, values, beliefs, motivations, self-efficacy, and resiliency. The person's demographics, health history, current health status, and risks converge with the cognitive and affective realms to complete the intrapersonal sphere.

Each person exists within an **interpersonal** framework of relationships, which may include families, friends, and social networks. This sphere may give meaning to, or at times, detract from, a person's wholeness, thereby being an asset or a limitation at various points in time.

The person interacts with an **organizational** setting, which includes social institutions such as schools, employers, and businesses. Both the person and the organization are located within a larger **community** setting, which may include geographic boundaries and/or a shared sense of purpose or trait that binds individuals together. The context of the community includes the seen or unseen social and physical **environments** in which a person lives and within which he or she interacts. The social environment includes the norms, mores, and dominant assumptions that inform a person's values, attitudes, and beliefs. The physical environment includes the traits and characteristics of the natural and built environment in which a person lives, involving not only desired attributes such as green space and clean air and water, but also undesired qualities such as toxic chemical and biological agents. One's community may be considered to be **global**, as people are thought to be citizens of the world, existing within a globalized community.

Each of these spheres is enhanced, constrained, and governed by a larger **public policy** sphere that is made up of national, state, and local laws and regulations. This domain has a profound influence on the health of individuals, families, communities, and populations.

The **nurse** has the ability to affect the health of patients (individuals, families, communities, and populations) by intervening in each of these spheres, often through primary, secondary, and tertiary prevention. As a member of an interdisciplinary team, the nurse acts as caregiver, advocate, decision-maker, communicator, and teacher. Understanding the nature of the systems in which a patient exists, the nurse also acts as a navigator for patients within complex systems (public, private, financial, regulatory, healthcare, etc.).

The **spiritual** dimension encircles the whole, acknowledging that the spiritual realm can be experienced within a person and/or in relationships between people and God. Cultural, political, and societal influences impact the experience and expression of spirituality.

In summary, the Ecological Model provides great utility as a framework for a nursing curriculum. The use of this model enhances the ability of the nurse to coordinate care for patients in varying states of health, often within complicated interpersonal situations, and living in contexts that may or may not contribute to positive outcomes.

—Copyright 2018 by the School of Nursing, Anderson University

BSN PROGRAM OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the BSN program, graduates will:

1. Integrate knowledge, skills, and values from the liberal arts to provide safe, humanistic care as an advocate using the Anderson University School of Nursing conceptual model.
2. Incorporate knowledge and skills in relational leadership, quality improvement, and patient safety to provide high-quality health care.
3. Evaluate and utilize research findings to facilitate critical thinking, clinical reasoning, and clinical judgment in Evidence-Based Practice.
4. Utilize technologies to deliver high-quality care within a variety of systems.
5. Articulate knowledge of policy, finance, and regulatory environments including local, state, national, and global healthcare trends.
6. Facilitate collaboration/communication within an interprofessional system to improve patient outcomes.
7. Utilize the Anderson University School of Nursing conceptual model for health promotion and disease prevention at the individual and population levels.
8. Embrace the inherent values of altruism, autonomy, dignity, integrity, and social justice through professional nursing practice.
9. Provide appropriate patient care across the lifespan in complex environments using a variety of resources.
10. Design nursing care within a Christian framework by integrating the mission and philosophy of Anderson University and the School of Nursing into individual practice.

—Revised Oct. 2, 2018, by the School of Nursing Faculty (*The Essentials of Baccalaureate Education for Professional Nursing Practice, American Association of Colleges of Nursing, 2008*)

Section II: Academic Advisement

All students with an interest in nursing or a declared nursing major are assigned to SON faculty for course registration and academic counseling. These assignments are emailed to students at the beginning of each school year. Students should contact their advisor prior to or early in their first semester at AU to review the program requirements and verify their enrollment in appropriate prerequisite classes.

Within the Anderson University advising model, ASPIRE, students are encouraged to integrate the development of professional skills and professionally relevant learning opportunities throughout their collegiate career. Activities included on the checklist include attending the academic majors fair, creating a four-year plan, utilizing Raven CareerLink, creating and updating a resumé and LinkedIn profile, identifying potential job shadowing, internship, or practicum experiences, and volunteering in the community.

Students should come prepared with a tentative schedule in their shopping cart for the following semester (fall registration) or for the entire academic year (spring registration). The faculty member will review the tentative schedule and assist the student in planning for the next enrollment period. It is the student's responsibility to monitor his/her own progress toward meeting graduation requirements.

Section III: Scholarship, Admission, Progression, and Graduation Requirements

SCHOLARSHIPS

The following scholarships are available to School of Nursing students:

- Indiana Center for Nursing Scholarship

CRITERIA FOR ADMISSION TO THE NURSING MAJOR

Completion of a bachelor's degree from an accredited and recognized college or university with a minimum cumulative grade-point average of 2.75 or higher.

Prerequisite courses must be completed with a grade C or above:

- Anatomy & Physiology I
- Anatomy & Physiology II
- General Psychology
- Developmental Psychology
- Intro to Chemistry
- Microbes & Disease

Bachelor of Science in Nursing

59 hours in Nursing:

- NURS 2170, 2140, 2231, 2241, 2270, 2340, 3351, 3391, 4451, 4470, 4521, 4950, 4960, 4970

OTHER REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION TO THE SCHOOL OF NURSING

The following are also required and must be completed prior to registration for NURS classes in the fall semester:

1. Evidence of current CPR certification for healthcare providers from an American Heart Association certification program (Red Cross certification is not acceptable). This requirement must be completed between April 1 and May 31 to ensure certification is current through the following academic year and submitted to CastleBranch.com.
2. Criminal background checks via CastleBranch.com.
3. Documentation from a licensed primary care provider of a recent physical exam.
4. Documentation of current immunizations — including Tetanus/Diphtheria/pertussis (Tdap), measles/mumps/rubella (MMR), Varicella (chickenpox), titer required, Hepatitis B series, titer required, and Polio — submitted to CastleBranch.com. Annual tuberculosis (TB) screening conducted between April 1 and May 31. If your health record indicates that you had a positive PPD, read "Guidelines for Preventing the Transmission of Mycobacterium tuberculosis in Health-Care Settings," 2005.
5. Healthcare workers (HCW) with a baseline positive or newly positive TST or BAMT result should receive one chest radiograph to exclude a diagnosis of TB disease. After the baseline chest radiograph is performed and the result is documented, repeat radiographs are not needed unless symptoms or signs of TB disease develop or a clinician recommends a repeat chest radiograph. Instead of participating in serial testing for M. tuberculosis infection, HCWs with a positive test result for M. tuberculosis infection should receive a symptom screen (Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2005, p 30). The positive PPD record will be updated annually while enrolled in the School of Nursing documenting the absence of clinical symptoms by the AU Health Services Department.
6. Drug Test (LabCorp) completed via CastleBranch.com prior to the sophomore year. The cost of any needed repeat drug testing is the responsibility of the student.
7. CastleBranch Bridges for clinical placement and scheduling.

Drug Screen

Due to the requirements of accrediting agencies and clinical nursing partners, students who accept admission are required to complete a drug screen. Please note: students may be asked to submit to random drug screens anytime throughout the program. Positive drug screens may prevent a student from participating in clinical learning experiences. Lack of participation could constitute course failure and potential for dismissal from the program. The costs associated with the drug screen will be the sole responsibility of the nursing student. Students will sign a background check and drug screen disclosure statement annually. Failure to disclose any changes or issues that have occurred since the initial background check and/or previous disclosure may result in dismissal from the School of Nursing.

PROGRESSION POLICY FOR THE SECOND DEGREE ACCELERATED PROGRAM (ABSN)

Nursing courses must be taken in the sequence indicated in the curriculum plan. A student must earn at least a final test average of 80% and a grade of C in each nursing course before progressing in the nursing sequence. A second nursing course failure results in final dismissal from the program.

Section IV: Methods of Evaluation

The following method of evaluations applies to most nursing (NURS) courses:

1. Written work contributes 30% to the final course grade.
2. The combination of exams contributes to 65% of the final course grade.
3. Kaplan remediation contributes to 5% to the final course grade.
4. An average of 80% must be achieved on unit examination and care map (semester project) regardless of other course grades, in order to successfully complete a NURS course.
5. Writing intensive courses, such as NURS 3390 and NURS 4470, will be graded as follows: written work contributing 50% to the final course grade and exam contributing 50% to the final grade.
6. NURS 4960: Leadership Capstone is a Speaking Intensive course. The grading will be as follows: CQI project work contributing to 60% of the final course grade, quizzes contributing to 30%, and written work contributing to 10% of the final grade.

A unit exam average of 80% is required to pass nursing courses. If an 80% exam average is not attained, a maximum grade of C minus will be entered as the final course grade regardless of other course work. A maximum grade of C minus will also be entered as the course grade if an unsatisfactory clinical evaluation is received, regardless of other coursework.

Unit examinations will be of equal weighted value and together comprise 65% of the course grade. Not all questions on examinations will be of equal value, nor will all exams be of an equal number of test questions. All exams will be of equal weight in regard to the final grade. A final will be given in most NURS courses. Examinations not completed at the scheduled times may only be made up in justified emergencies after prior clearance from the faculty member responsible for the examination. Students who do not take the examination on the assigned day may receive an alternate form of the examination for make-up.

When an instructor reviews an examination, he/she may decide that a question has not been answered correctly by a sufficient number of students. The instructor may choose to accept an additional option as the correct choice, thereby having more than one correct answer. Another option for the instructor is to eliminate the test item from the examination and thus, reduce the total points possible on the test. If a question is eliminated from the test, the students will have their scores calculated by dividing the number of correct responses by the reduced number of questions.

Exam scores will be computed as percentages (number correct/total possible points). These scores will be recorded to three decimal places (example: 0.894 equates to 89.4%). $\text{Exam 1\%} + \text{Exam 2\%} + \text{Exam 3\%} + \text{Exam 4\%} + \text{Final exam \%} / (\text{number of unit exam} + \text{final}) = \text{Final Test Average}$. Throughout the semester, unannounced quizzes may be given at the discretion of the teaching team. Students may not make up quizzes missed for any reason. Quiz scores will be added to the point total for written work.

The student is expected to complete all assignments by the due date established by the teaching team. Five% will be deducted from the final earned score for each calendar day an assignment is late (including weekends and holidays). Work designated by the teaching team as outlined in the syllabus as pre-work for class, lab, and sim, will not be accepted late and will be assigned a score of zero. Written work is to be submitted via the method designated by the teaching team.

Errors (in spelling, punctuation, grammar, style, usage, etc.) detract from the student message and from the student's credibility as a professional communicator. Please proofread your work carefully. All assignments are to be stapled, word processed and printed on a printer. Handwritten assignments are not accepted unless specified. Written assignments are to follow American Psychological Association (APA) format outlined in the assigned edition of the publication manual.

Care maps are an indication of the student's ability to critically analyze patient/client situations and use the nursing process in the design of care. In the event the student earns a grade of less than 80% on the nursing care map, in order to be successful in the course, he/she must remediate and resubmit the nursing care map.

The following criteria apply to care-map remediation:

1. The student must initiate contact with the faculty member within one week of receiving the graded nursing care map.
2. A remediation session with the faculty member is required prior to resubmitting the work and should be held within two weeks of receiving the original graded care map.
3. The faculty member will determine if the care map to be resubmitted qualifies as a revision of the original or if a new care map is required (based on a new patient or a case study).
4. The revised care map must be turned in no later than one week after the remediation session.
5. The grade earned on the resubmitted nursing care map will replace the original nursing care-map grade. A maximum of 80% may be obtained following remediation.

Policy: Kaplan Remediation

Purpose: Kaplan is a required adjunctive resource designed to aid students in furthering their understanding of curricular content. Focused Review Tests (non-proctored) and Integrated Tests (proctored) are available to students to practice/study and benchmark performance, respectively.

Review: This policy shall be reviewed every two years (or as needed) during the Faculty Governance Retreat by the Dean and Faculty Governance Committee.

Policy: Integrated (proctored) Kaplan tests will be strategically sequenced throughout the AUSON curriculum to measure retention of material and benchmark individual student and cohort performance to Kaplan national standards. Students will be required to take the exam on the scheduled day. Integrated Kaplan tests not completed at the scheduled time may only be made up in justified emergencies after prior clearance from the proctoring faculty member. Students making up an integrated Kaplan test may receive an alternate version of the exam. Remediation of the integrated Kaplan exams will be required and due on the assigned date as stated by the teaching team. For each day the remediation is late -5% of the total points allotted for the grade will be taken away. Any faculty may grade the remediation. Integrated Kaplan exam remediation(s) will account for 5% of the final course grade.

In summary:

1. A cumulative average of 80% on course exams. The cumulative course exam average will not be rounded up. Example: 79.566% will not be rounded to 80%.
2. A grade of 80.00% on the Semester Project.
3. A 75% overall course average.
4. A pattern of capable clinical evaluations throughout the course.
5. Attendance at all learning opportunities except in justified emergencies.
6. Capable completion of nursing laboratory assignments.
7. Completion of all assignments.

Academic performance will be evaluated at midterm, end of the semester, and at times when special needs present themselves.

Each nursing class will include at least one assignment that includes appropriate use of the American Psychological Association (APA) style in the grading criteria. Format for this style uses a 10- or 12-point Times New Roman or Arial font.

Any student who temporarily leaves the nursing major must meet the nursing course requirements of the class with which they graduate.

CLASSROOM TESTING

During testing, no cell phones or other electronic devices, including Smartwatches, are allowed. A basic calculator will be allowed for use during testing.

Section V: Clinical Evaluation

CLINICAL COMPONENT

The student's professional nursing skills will be evaluated and determined to have capabilities and/or limitations. The determination will be based on the criteria in the Bachelor of Science in Nursing, Student Nurse Handbook. Evaluations for clinical performance will be made following each clinical agency experience. At the end of the semester, a summary evaluation will be completed and a conference between the student and a teaching team representative will be held if the student is not found to have successfully completed the course or have incurred clinical limited status.

A pattern of limitations that continues throughout the course or a failure to show satisfactory progress in the performance of previously taught nursing skills will constitute a clinical failure.

Students are expected to prepare for the skill laboratory experiences according to the lab focus sheets for this course. During the lab period, the student is expected to participate. The cognitive portion of this material will be tested on the unit exams. Skill laboratory test-outs will be scheduled to evaluate the psychomotor portion of the material presented. The student must complete these psychomotor tests successfully in order to pass the course. A limit of three opportunities will be given to successfully demonstrate a required nursing skill. (A failure of test-out will be incurred for each "no show" test-out appointment.)

Definition: Evaluation is the ongoing assessment and documentation of student performance in the clinical area.

Purpose: The purpose of the written clinical evaluation is to provide the student with ongoing feedback regarding performance in the clinical area. The student is encouraged to dialog with the course instructor(s) regarding clinical evaluation throughout the clinical experience.

Procedure: Supervising clinical instructors will evaluate the student's performance utilizing the Clinical Evaluation Form. Feedback from agency licensed personnel may also be obtained and included in the evaluation process. A clinical session may consist of one clinical day or consecutive clinical days. The form is made available to the student to read, add comments if desired, sign, and date. The student's signature on the Clinical Evaluation Form indicates that the student has reviewed the evaluation. The completed form is placed in the student's file.

A student who demonstrates a pattern of behavior below expectations and/or establishes a pattern of needed improvement may be at risk of failing the course. Students at risk will be required to attend a conference(s) with the instructor and/or course coordinator.

A student may attend clinical experiences in facilities in which he/she is also employed. While attending school-assigned experiences, the student is not allowed to use an employee code that is assigned for work purposes (documentation, medication administration, or patient testing).

Section VI: Behavior Expectations

Students of Anderson University School of Nursing are expected to demonstrate professionalism at all times. A student who fails to manifest professionalism and/or honesty may be asked to leave the nursing program. Students are not allowed to fraternize with any patients at any time.

Students must conduct themselves in accordance with the ethos and policies of the university when utilizing electronic or computer-based methods of communication and socialization.

CODE FOR NURSES

The ANA House of Delegates approved these provisions of the new Code of Ethics for Nurses at its June 30, 2001, meeting in Washington, D.C. In July 2001, the Congress of Nursing Practice and Economics voted to accept the new language of the interpretive statements resulting in a fully approved revised Code of Ethics for Nurses with Interpretive Statements:

1. The nurse practices with compassion and respect for the inherent dignity, worth, and unique attributes of every person.
2. The nurse's primary commitment is to the patient, whether an individual, family, group, community, or population.
3. The nurse promotes, advocates for, and protects the rights, health, and safety of the patient.

4. The nurse has authority, accountability, and responsibility for nursing practice; makes decisions; and takes action consistent with the obligation to promote health and to provide optimal care.
5. The nurse owes the same duties to self as to others, including the responsibility to promote health and safety, preserve wholeness of character and integrity, maintain competence, and continue personal and professional growth.
6. The nurse, through individual and collective effort, establishes, maintains, and improves the ethical environment of the work setting and conditions of employment that are conducive to safe, quality healthcare.
7. The nurse, in all roles and settings, advances the profession through research and scholarly inquiry, professional standards development, and the generation of both nursing and health policy.
8. The nurse collaborates with other health professionals and the public to protect human rights, promote health diplomacy, and reduce health disparities.
9. The profession of nursing, collectively through its professional organizations, must articulate nursing values, maintain the integrity of the profession, and integrate principles of social justice into nursing and health policy.

—*American Nurses Association, Code of Ethics for Nurses with Interpretive Statements, © 2015 By American Nurses Association. Reprinted with permission. All rights reserved.*

SOCIAL MEDIA POLICY

The ANA (September 2011) social media policy is as follows:

1. Nurses (and nursing students) must not transmit or place online individually identifiable patient information.
2. Nurses (and nursing students) must observe ethically prescribed professional patient-nurse boundaries.
3. Nurses (and nursing students) should understand that patients, colleagues, institutions, and employers may view postings.
4. Nurses (and nursing students) should take advantage of privacy settings and seek to separate personal and professional information online.
5. Nurses (and nursing students) should bring the content that could harm a patient's privacy, rights, or welfare to the attention of appropriate authorities.
6. Nurses (and nursing students) adhere to clinical affiliate policies.

It is not the purpose of this policy to infringe on a student or faculty member's freedom of expression; however, the SON has ethical, legal (such as HIPAA and FERPA), and regulatory obligations to protect the confidentiality of patients, students, and employees. The following are ANA tips to avoid problems:

1. Remember that standards of professionalism are the same online as in any other circumstance.
2. Do not share or post information or photos gained through the nurse-patient relationship.
3. Maintain professional boundaries in the use of electronic media. Online contact on a personal nature with patients blurs this boundary.
4. Do not make disparaging remarks about patients/families, peers, faculty/professors, facilities, employers or co-workers, even if they are not identified.
5. Do not take photos or videos of patients on personal devices, including cell phones.
6. Promptly report a breach of confidentiality or privacy.

—*Adapted from the American Nurses Association. (2011, September). Principles for social networking and the nurse. Silver Spring, MD: Author*

Social media is defined as mechanisms for communication designed to be disseminated through social interaction, created using highly accessible and scalable publishing techniques. Examples include, but are not limited to, LinkedIn, Wikipedia, Flickr, blogs, podcasts, Twitter, Instagram, Facebook, YouTube, RSS feeds, and personal websites. Clinical affiliate is defined as any public or healthcare setting in which a SON student completes clinical, observation, or laboratory hours assigned by a SON course. Social media activity is defined as any use of social media, regardless of the motive or purpose. This can include, but is not limited to posting content, publishing content, commenting, sharing, liking, or rebroadcasting content.

Violations of this policy by students or faculty will be subject to disciplinary action as outlined in the appropriate handbook.

CHEMICALLY IMPAIRED STUDENT, DRUG AND ALCOHOL POLICY

Anderson University prohibits the use or possession of alcohol and the use or unlawful possession of drugs during any clinical activity. In the university setting, nursing students involved in clinical activities must uphold the standards of the nursing profession to ensure safe, effective, and supportive client care. Because an impaired nursing student may have altered judgment and skills, appropriate management of abuse and addiction is critical for nursing education and practice.

Anderson University and the School of Nursing are committed to providing a quality education for admitted students. In order to protect the integrity of the program and the nursing profession, and to safeguard the welfare of nursing students and patients receiving treatment from students, this policy addresses drug and alcohol testing of nursing students involved in clinical activities based on reasonable suspicion of drug or alcohol use. Due to the requirements of accrediting agencies and clinical nursing partners, students who accept admission are required to complete a drug screen.

Students will be tested for the use of alcohol and drugs upon "reasonable suspicion." Reasonable suspicion is defined to mean that the student's instructor, supervisor, or his/her designee believes that the behavior, speech, body odor, or appearance of a student is indicative of the use of alcohol or drugs. Reasonably suspicious behavior could include conduct that prevents the student from performing the essential functions of his or her role or that poses a direct threat to the safety of others.

Other behavior that could lead to reasonable suspicion of drug or alcohol use includes, but is not limited to odor of alcohol or drugs, unsteady or staggering gait, rapid or slurred speech, pinpoint or dilated pupils, unresponsiveness, bloodshot eyes, fine motor tremors, difficulty participating in activities, nausea, vomiting, sweating, erratic behavior, incoherent speech, verbal or physical outbursts, self-report of drug use or alcohol abuse, unsafe behavior, unsatisfactory care for others, and threats to harm self or others.

Students may be asked to submit to random drug screens anytime throughout their program. Positive drug screens may prevent a student from participating in clinical learning experiences. Lack of participation could constitute course failure and potential for dismissal from the program. The cost associated with the drug screen will be the sole responsibility of the nursing student.

Students will sign a **Background Check and Drug Screen Disclosure Statement annually**. Failure to disclose any changes or issues that have occurred since the initial background check and/or previous disclosure may result in dismissal from the School of Nursing.

If drug use or alcohol abuse is suspected, the faculty member will take the following steps:

1. Remove the student from the clinical activity.
2. Confront the student in a private setting and in the presence of a witness, if possible.
3. Discuss the suspicious behavior with the student and allow the student to explain.
4. Notify the dean of the School of Nursing and Kinesiology.
5. The dean will notify the Assistant Provost and Dean of Students or the Director of Residence Life and Student Conduct.

In cases where drug use is suspected, Anderson University reserves the right to require students to undergo a drug screen to test for the presence of illegal substances. This decision will be made by the Assistant Provost and Dean of Students or Director of Residence Life and Student Conduct. A positive drug screen will serve as evidence of possession and use. Test results indicating a dilute specimen will be viewed as evidence of possession and use. Students will be informed that refusal to submit to a urine screen will be evidence of guilt and make the student subject to disciplinary consequences, including dismissal from the university.

In cases where possession or use of alcohol is suspected, the director of Security Services or designated university staff may use an alco-test to determine alcohol use. A positive alco-test will serve as evidence of possession and consumption. Students will be informed that refusal to take an alco-test when use is suspected will be evidence of guilt.

Any student in conduct with the university must self-disclose to the School of Nursing dean.

ATTENDANCE

Each student is responsible to sign the attendance sheet for every class session. If a student is absent for two or more learning experiences he/she may be required to meet with the course coordinator. Absences include arriving after attendance is taken (tardy), leaving early, or non-attendance of an assigned learning experience. Total course hours are included in the course syllabus and the Anderson University Undergraduate Catalog.

Class attendance, by both the instructor and the student, is fundamental to the teaching/learning process and any absence from a class results in a loss of learning for the student and learning community. The AU faculty adopted the class attendance policy with this rationale in mind. That is, **students may be directly penalized for absences only after the number exceeds the number of class meeting hours/sessions per week.** Any absence results in a loss of learning for the student. It is the student's obligation to personally notify the individual course instructor about any absence, in advance if possible. When a student misses classes, the course instructor determines whether or not to allow the completion of missed work and how much work will be evaluated. This policy recognizes that the loss of participatory learning and class involvement due to class absences by students will differ depending on the particular course and instructor. For this reason, the individual instructor is responsible for setting the specific course policy for each class, regarding make-up work, sanctions for missed classes (after the student misses more than the number of class meeting hours per week), missed course examinations, laboratory sessions, field experience, class presentations, and special class events. **Whatever specific policy a given instructor adopts for a class should be clearly documented in the course syllabus and reviewed with students at the beginning of the semester.**

Adopted by the faculty and reviewed and edited-April 20, 2015, Anderson University Faculty Handbook, 4.22.1

TECHNICAL STANDARDS FOR ADMISSION AND GRADUATION

The curricula of the Anderson School of Nursing requires that students engage in diverse and complex experiences directed at achieving competencies, knowledge, skills, attributes, and professional values. Applicants for the School of Nursing, and enrolled degree-seeking students must possess certain abilities and skills deemed essential for meeting the professional standards of accrediting agencies.

Admission to the Anderson University School of Nursing is open to all qualified individuals in accordance with the 1973 Vocational Rehabilitation Act and the Americans with Disabilities Act. The Anderson University School of Nursing is committed to accommodating the needs of students with documented disabilities and will do so to the extent possible without compromising the essential components of the curriculum.

Candidates for nursing degrees or certificates must be able to meet the minimum standards (listed below) with or without reasonable accommodation (aacnursing.org/Education-Resources/Tool Kits/Accommodating-Students-with-Disabilities):

- **Observation** — Students must have sufficient capacity to make accurate visual observations and interpret them in the context of laboratory studies, medication administration, and patient care activities. A student must be able to observe a patient accurately at a distance and close at hand. Students must have a sufficient level of hearing to determine both high and low levels of frequency and amplitude (monitor, assess, and respond to health needs).
- **Communication** — Students must communicate effectively both verbally and non-verbally to elicit information and to translate that information to others. A student must be able to read and write English effectively in order to fulfill academic requirements and to maintain accurate clinical records on patient care.
- **Motor** — Students are required to possess motor skills sufficient to elicit information independently from patients by palpation, auscultation, percussion, and other manually-based diagnostic procedures. Students should be able to conduct laboratory and diagnostic tests and carry out physical assessments. Students must possess the motor skills required for their specialty's scope of practice. The student must also be able to coordinate fine and gross muscular movements to treat patients in emergency situations. Emergency situations include any circumstance requiring immediate remedy.
- **Intellectual-Conceptual, Integrative, and Quantitative Abilities** — The student must be able to develop and refine problem-solving skills that are critical to practice as a nurse. The student must have the ability to measure, calculate, reason, analyze, and synthesize objective and subjective data and to make decisions that reflect consistent and sound clinical judgment. Students must possess good judgment in patient assessment, and the ability to incorporate new information, comprehend three-dimensional relationships and retain and recall pertinent information in a timely fashion. This includes decision-making in order to maintain the safety and security of patients and to behave appropriately with patients, staff, students, supervisors, and faculty.
- **Behavioral and Social Attributes** — Students must possess the physical and emotional health required for the application of his/her intellectual abilities and the employment of sound judgment in an appropriate and prompt manner. Students must be able to function effectively under physically taxing workloads and in times of physical and mental stress. Students must display compassion, sensitivity, and concern for others, and maintain professional integrity at all times. Students must be able to adapt to changing environments; display flexibility; accept and integrate constructive criticism and learn to function

cooperatively and efficiently in the face of uncertainties inherent in clinical practice. This includes appropriately interacting with individuals, families, and groups from a variety of social, emotional, cultural, and intellectual backgrounds.

- **Ability to Manage Stressful Situations** — Students must be able to adapt to and function effectively in stressful situations in the classroom and clinical settings (including emergency situations). Students will encounter multiple stressors while in the nursing program; these stressors may be related to (but are not limited to) one's personal life, patient care, faculty, peers, family, and/or the program-related.

Section VII: Graduation and Degree Requirements

APPLICATION FOR GRADUATION

The student must complete an application for graduation form, obtain his or her advisor's signature, and file the form with the Office of the Registrar. The student will be notified by letter/email as the completion of requirements for graduation.

In the event a student has not completed requirements for graduation, the following rules apply:

August graduates may participate in the May commencement ceremony. Their picture will be included on the composite for that academic year.

If the student must repeat a course or complete requirements later than August, the student will be included in the following academic year commencement ceremony and composite picture.

STUDENT RETENTION

The faculty of the School of Nursing is committed to student success. Each student is assigned to a faculty advisor who counsels the student before entering the nursing program and each semester throughout the program. When a student develops academic problems or difficulty, individual faculty members will counsel students in order to improve performance. Students may also be referred to as the learning center for evaluation and study skills.

Students are evaluated frequently throughout the nursing program and given feedback on their performance. Students showing "below expectations" or excessive "needs to improve" behaviors and/or receiving a letter grade of C minus or lower at midterm will be counseled by the course instructor/course coordinator. Additionally, any student may request a conference with any faculty member at any time. A summary of clinical evaluation will occur at the end of each nursing course.

During any type of academic or behavioral counseling meeting, an additional faculty member may be asked to be present in order to protect the integrity of the counseling process.

DISMISSAL/WITHDRAWAL

When a student's conduct or health endangers the well-being of others or makes it inadvisable to remain in the nursing program, the faculty reserves the right to dismiss them from the course or program. Students may choose to withdraw from the program at any time. Students who wish to withdraw from a course must follow the university policy outlined in the AU Undergraduate Catalog. No refund of the malpractice or Kaplan fee will be given.

GRADING POLICY

A semester credit hour is equivalent to 15 hours of classroom contact plus appropriate outside preparation, 45 hours of clinical experience, or a combination of the foregoing. A "credit point" is a measure of the quality of work performed. Credit points are figured only on work completed at Anderson University; therefore, transfer students must earn twice as many credit points as minimum hours remaining for the degree. Grade reports are issued by the registrar's office in the following terms:

A,A-	=	Achievement of superior quality in course objectives.
B+,B,B-	=	Achievement of excellent quality in course objectives.
C+,C,C-	=	Achievement of average or somewhat above average quality in course objectives.
D+, D	=	Basically unsatisfactory achievement but of sufficient quality to meet minimum requirements.
F	=	Clearly unsatisfactory or below minimal achievement of course objectives.
I	=	Incomplete. Allow completion of delayed work by written agreement between instructor and student. Must be filed with the registrar before grades are processed; becomes "F" at the end of the fifth week of the following semester if not completed.
IP	=	In progress.
NR	=	Faculty did not record a grade.
W	=	Withdraw.
WF	=	Withdrawn failing.
S	=	Work completed at "C-" level or above.
U	=	Work completed at "D+" level or below.
CR	=	Work completed at a satisfactory level.
NC	=	Work completed at an unsatisfactory level.

Credit points per semester hour:

A = 4.00	B+ = 3.33	C+ = 2.33	D+ = 1.33
A- = 3.67	B = 3.00	C = 2.00	D = 1.00
B- = 2.67	C- = 1.67		

No credit points are given for courses bearing grades of CR, NC, S, U, F, I, W, or WF. The credit point index is the ratio of the number of credit points earned to the number of hours attempted (excluding CR, NC, S, U, and W).

The following standard grading scale will be used in all levels of the nursing program:

A 93-100%	C 75-77%
A- 90-92%	C- 70-74%
B+ 87-89%	D+ 65-69%
B 84-86%	D 60-64%
B- 81-83%	F 59% or below
C+ 78-80%	

PROGRAM DISMISSAL POLICY

Dismissal from the Anderson University School of Nursing will result from the following:

- More than one failure in clinical nursing (NURS) courses (NURS 2231, 2241, 2270, 3351, 3361, 4451, 4521, 4950, 4960, 4970).

Dismissal from the Anderson University School of Nursing may result from the following:

- A pattern of "below expectations" and/or "needs improvement" in the clinical setting.
- Failure to exhibit professional behavior.

A student has the right to appeal a failing grade on an assignment or an entire course.

INFORMAL AND FORMAL COMPLAINT POLICY AND PROCEDURE

In light of our goal to enable each member of the university to become stronger in mind, body, and spirit, to experience what it means to love God and neighbor, and to adopt a Christ-like servant way of life, the Anderson University School of Nursing Informal and Formal Complaint Policy and Procedure is designed to create an orderly, just, and effective means of dealing with complaints in a reasonable and timely manner (anderson.edu/provost/documents.html). Any student wishing to air a grievance can do so within 10 business days after the offending issue. Any sexual harassment, discrimination, appeal of a grade, or student life issue is not applicable under this policy and should be directed to the appropriate policy in the Anderson University Student Handbook (anderson.edu/studentlife/policies).

Formal Complaint

As part of professional development, students are encouraged to learn conflict resolution and present their complaints in a professional manner. The student filing the grievance is responsible for documentation of the date, time, and description of the complaint in the formal process of the procedure (see Appendix for the proper form).

Informal Complaint

It is expected that the majority of complaints should be settled through the informal complaint process. If the student does not feel comfortable bringing the complaint to the involved faculty member, it is recommended they meet with their advisor and schedule a meeting, together with the involved faculty member. The advisor can act as a third-party member; however, he/she will not participate in the outcome narrative or the required signature, but may offer advice and support to both the student and faculty member.

Informal Complaint Process

1. The student (and advisor, if necessary) should meet with the involved faculty member to reach an agreement or understanding to resolve the issue.
2. If the student and faculty member cannot reach an agreement or understanding, the student and faculty will draft an outcome narrative and the student will initiate the formal complaint process.

Formal Complaint Process

1. Any student wishing to file a formal complaint will be responsible for the documentation of the date, time, and description of the complaint as noted on the Informal and Formal Complaint Policy and Procedure Form (see Appendix). The documentation of the topic of the complaint will include a description of the acts or conditions which were offensive, explanation of why the act was unfair or in violation of written policy, and completion of an Outcome Narrative form, including required signatures from the student and the involved faculty. The steps listed below must be followed or the appeal will be rendered invalid:
2. The student will make an appointment with the course coordinator to discuss the complaint within five business days of meeting with the involved faculty member. At least two business days prior to the meeting, the student needs to present the documentation to the course coordinator to review. If the course coordinator is the same as the involved faculty member, move to the next step in the chain of command. Documents need to be completed prior to moving the issue to the next step in the process.
3. If the complaint cannot be resolved with the course coordinator, the student can make an appointment with the dean of the School of Nursing and Kinesiology within five business days of meeting with the involved faculty member and/or the course coordinator. At least two business days prior to the meeting, the student needs to present the documentation, Outcome Narrative, and required signatures to the dean for review. Documents need to be completed prior to moving the issue to the next step in the process.
4. If the complaint cannot be resolved with the dean of the School of Nursing and Kinesiology, the final appeal is to the university provost within five business days of meeting the dean. At least two business days prior to the meeting, the student needs to present the documentation, Outcome Narratives, and required signatures to the provost, who will make the final decision on the formal complaint. Any student or faculty member involved will be notified of the result of the formal complaint.

CRITERIA FOR GRADE APPEAL

- An obvious error in the calculation of the grade.

- The assignment of a grade to a particular student by application of more exacting or demanding standards than were applied to other students in the course.
- The assignment of a grade to a particular student on some basis other than performance in the course.
- The assignment of a grade by a substantial departure from the instructor's previously announced standards.

PROCEDURE FOR APPEALING A GRADE

A student wishing to appeal the classroom portion of the grade will:

1. Discuss the course work and grade earned with the instructor responsible for the content.
2. If a resolution is not achieved with the instructor, then the appeal goes to the course coordinator.
3. If a resolution is not achieved with the course coordinator, then the appeal goes to the dean of the School of Nursing and Kinesiology, who may bring the matter to the Faculty Governing Committee.
4. If a resolution is not achieved with the dean, then the student should follow the procedure for grade appeals in the Anderson University Student Handbook.

A student wishing to appeal to the clinical portion of the grade should do the following:

1. Discuss the clinical failure with the faculty member responsible for the clinical evaluation.
2. If a resolution is not achieved, the student may appeal to the course coordinator.
3. If a resolution is still not achieved, then the student may appeal to the dean of the School of Nursing and Kinesiology, who may bring the issue to the Faculty Governing Committee.
4. If a resolution is not achieved within the School of Nursing (SON), then the student may appeal to the Nursing Education Committee according to the following procedure:
 - After all other steps toward resolution have been exhausted, the student may request a meeting with the Nursing Education Committee. The function of this committee is to determine if the School of Nursing decision related to clinical failure is fair, unbiased, and proportional to the patient care action taken by the student as it relates to the course objectives and expected student outcomes.
 - The student must submit a written request to the committee chair. The chair will call a meeting of the committee to address the appeal. A quorum of 50 % of members must be present for the committee to convene.
 - The committee is comprised of seven members, including the chair (from among the faculty at large), one faculty from the School of Nursing, two faculty from nursing prerequisite science courses, one faculty from a campus major with a similar type of practicum experience (athletic training, business, education, or social work), one nursing student from the senior nursing class (or alternate junior class member should the appeal be from a nursing senior), and one undergraduate student at large.
 - At the committee meeting, the dean of the School of Nursing and Kinesiology and/or the faculty member involved in the clinical evaluation will describe the student's present status within the SON and the sequence of events leading to the clinical failure and the subsequent appeal. The student will then have an opportunity to address the committee.
 - The committee will excuse those presenting. The committee will decide the appeal by majority vote. The chair will vote only to break a tie decision. The chair will prepare a written letter describing the appeal outcome and will submit copies to the student and the dean. A copy of the letter will be placed in the student's evaluation file.
 - The student may request the provost to review the decision of the Nursing Education Committee.

INCOMPLETE

The grade of "I" (incomplete) is given only by the written agreement of the instructor and student. If requested, it is the student's responsibility to contact the instructor and submit work or take examinations appropriate to the removal of the incomplete. When the course is completed, the instructor will change the incomplete (I) to the earned letter grade by submitting the appropriate form to the Office of the University Registrar. This process must be completed no later than the end of the fifth week of the first full semester following the incomplete. The grade of Incomplete automatically becomes a grade of "F" if not resolved prior to the end of the fifth week of the first full semester following the incomplete.

READMISSION

It is recommended, once the major is begun, that a student remains in the program until graduation.

Any student who has exited the program for any reason must petition the faculty for readmission. The applicant must submit an Application for Admission/Transfer/Re-entry to the dean of the School of Nursing and Kinesiology. The applicant is also reminded that a cumulative GPA of 2.5 is required for readmission. Readmission is granted depending upon space availability. All prerequisites for the major and requirements for the university must also be satisfied for readmission.

Students who have been absent for more than one calendar year from their last clinical experience must reapply to the School of Nursing and meet the criteria for admission to the nursing major from the most recent Bachelor of Science in Nursing Student Nurse Handbook. All students requesting readmission must make the requests in writing to the dean of the School of Nursing and Kinesiology. In addition to returning, the student must re-demonstrate the successful completion of clinical skills at the appropriate skill level.

A remediation contract will be developed by faculty members with input from the student within 30 business days of the request for readmission. The remediation contract will be designed on an individual basis, and full execution of the contract will be the responsibility of the student. Remediation may include, but is not limited to, Kaplan assessments, simulation, and appropriate skill level check-off. The student will be enrolled in NURS 3600: Nursing Remediation.

After the remediation contract is executed, the student is eligible for review to determine readmission status. The petitioner will receive a disposition of the petition within 30 business days of the full faculty governance meeting.

—Voted on and approved by AUSON Faculty Governance Committee, August 2015

Section VIII: Simulation Lab Policy and Procedures

SIMULATION

Simulation is utilized by the Anderson University School of Nursing in the development of critical and creative thinking skills and fostering greater understanding and expertise in all pervasive and progressive strands of the program. Simulation is used as an adjunct to didactic and clinical learning, and has as its goal greater mastery of the nursing process in the delivery of care in accordance with the Ecological Model of Health.

The simulation will be delivered in a variety of methods that will meet the essential definition of the simulation stated above. These delivery methods may include (but are not limited to) high-fidelity simulation, mid-fidelity simulation, low-fidelity simulation, case studies, video simulations, community health simulation activities, live actors, and guest subjects.

The percentage of simulations will be based on current evidence-based research (within five years) identifying levels of simulation for optimal learning. Simulation percentage will be in keeping with recommendations by accrediting agencies and the Indiana State Board of Nursing when directed.

Students and alumni are given yearly surveys on the AUSON covering a variety of topics. This survey includes a section on simulation within their coursework and allows the opportunity for students/alumni to express their perception of the clarity, effectiveness, and comfort of the simulation environment. In addition, suggestions for future simulations are elicited. This information is forwarded to the course coordinators for the purposes of quality improvement.

Anderson University School of Nursing strives to provide our nursing students with a diverse, dynamic, and an outstanding educational environment. The Nursing Simulation Lab provides a safe environment to improve patient safety and quality of care through simulated education, demonstration, and the reinforcement of exceptional performance and readiness.

Mission Statement:

The mission of the Nursing Simulation Lab is to provide a safe, interactive approach where participants can integrate didactic content, skills, critical thinking, and judgment in diverse interprofessional environments.

Vision:

The Nursing Simulation Lab aims to provide a safe simulated environment for learning, where quality patient care is emphasized, through the utilization of evidence-based clinical decision-making and evaluation methods.

Values:

The Nursing Simulation Lab values are consistent with the Anderson University philosophy of integrity, excellence, servant leadership, responsibility, and generosity, including the integration of respect and compassion throughout all learning experiences.

Goals:

The Nursing Simulation Lab's goals for participants include improved critical thinking, increased clinical judgment, increased confidence, improved competence, marked critical analysis of performance, and decreased stress in an active-learning environment:

1. Provide a safe environment for students to learn and make mistakes
2. Promote and develop critical thinking skills to increase clinical competence.
3. Increase self-confidence and self-efficacy as students learn, demonstrate, and participate in the foundational skills of nursing.
4. Encourage self-reflection of performance and areas of improvement.
5. Enhance communication between team members as reflected in professional practice.
6. Promote and develop interprofessional collaboration throughout multiple disciplines.

STUDENT NURSING SIMULATION LAB GUIDELINES AGREEMENT**Purpose:**

Anderson University School of Nursing strives to provide our nursing students with a diverse, dynamic, and an outstanding educational environment. The Nursing Simulation Lab provides a safe environment to improve patient safety and quality of care through simulated education, demonstration, and the reinforcement of exceptional performance and readiness.

Goals:

1. Provide a safe environment for students to learn and make mistakes.
2. Promote and develop critical thinking skills to increase clinical competence.
3. Increase self-confidence and self-efficacy as students learn, demonstrate, and participate in the foundational skills of nursing.
4. Encourage self-reflection of performance and areas of improvement.
5. Enhance communication between team members as reflected in professional practice.

Guidelines:

1. Use professional behavior when in the Nursing Simulation Lab. This includes, but may not be limited to, the following:
 - All assignments must be completed prior to the lab day.
 - What happens in the lab stays in the lab.
 - This is a safe environment; students are allowed to make mistakes in the lab in order for continued learning to take place. This information should not be discussed outside of the lab.
 - Everyone should be able to experience the lab in the same manner. Sharing with students who attend at a later time gives them an unfair advantage.
2. Follow the dress code as outlined for the clinical. This is part of your clinical experience.
3. Phones are NOT to be used during lab time. Cellular phones and electronic devices should be set to the "off" or "silent" position.
4. Follow Standard Precautions. Sharps and syringes are to be disposed of in appropriate sharps containers. Anyone encountering a needle-stick injury MUST complete a Student Occurrence Report.
5. Leave the Simulation Lab in order. Please clean up work areas and put equipment back when done using it.

Hours of Operation:

The Nursing Simulation Lab is located on the second floor of Hartung Hall at the Anderson University School of Nursing, 1100 E. 5th St., Anderson, Indiana. Normal business hours are from 0800 to 1700 Monday through Friday throughout the school calendar year. After hours and weekend events must be scheduled in advance and approved by the simulation coordinator. The Nursing Simulation Lab can be accessed by nursing students during business and open-lab hours and does not require special permission for admittance.

CONTACT INFORMATION

Director: Richelle, Wilson, MSN/MBA, RN

Hartung

rawilson@anderson.edu

(765) 641-4383 (office)

POLICY AND PROCEDURE REVIEW

- The School of Nursing dean, simulation coordinator, and Faculty Governance Committee are to review the Policy and Procedure Manual prior to use in the Nursing Simulation Lab.
- Students are oriented by the coordinator and faculty to applicable policies before their first experiences in the Nursing Simulation Lab and at subsequent events as needed.

SIMULATION EVENT BEST PRACTICE

The simulation coordinator will assist faculty members in implementing and evaluating simulation experiences for their students according to the International Nursing Association for Clinical Simulation and Learning (INACSL) Standards of Best Practice: Simulation (inacsl.org/i4a/pages/index.cfm?pageID=3407).

- Simulation Design
- Outcomes and Objectives
- Facilitation
- Debriefing
- Participant Evaluation
- Professional Integrity
- Simulation-Enhanced Interprofessional Education (Sim-IPE)
- Simulation Glossary

The simulation coordinator will assist all faculty and instructors in developing all simulation scenarios and will oversee all simulation experiences in the Nursing Simulation Lab.

DEFINITIONS

Simulation: An educational strategy in which a particular set of conditions are created or replicated to resemble authentic situations that are possible in real life. Simulation can incorporate one or more modalities to promote, improve, or validate a participant's performance (INACSL Standards Committee, 2016).

High-Fidelity Simulation: In a healthcare simulation, high-fidelity refers to simulation experiences that are extremely realistic and provide a high level of interactivity and realism for the learner. This includes a human manikin, a task trainer, or virtual reality (Lopreiato et al., 2016).

Low-Fidelity Simulation: Not needing to be controlled or programmed externally for the learner to participate; examples include case studies, role-playing, or task trainers used to support participants in learning a clinical situation or practice (Lopreiato et al., 2016).

Objectives: Statements of specific measurable results that participants are expected to achieve during a simulation; incorporate knowledge, attitude, and skills that match the learners' level of knowledge and experience (INACSL Standards Committee, 2016).

Assessment: The process that provides information about or feedback to individual participants, groups, or programs. The findings of the assessment are used to improve future outcomes (INACSL Standards Committee, 2016).

Participant: One who engages in a simulation-based activity for the purpose of gaining or demonstrating mastery of knowledge, skills, and attitude of professional practice (INACSL Standards Committee, 2016).

Evaluation: A term for appraising data gathered through one or more measurements that involves the rendering of judgment that may include strengths and weaknesses, quality and productivity, and/or program processes (INACSL Standards Committee, 2016).

Debriefing: A reflective process immediately following the simulation that is led by a trained facilitator/debriefer using an evidence-based debriefing model. The participant's reflective thinking is encouraged, and feedback is provided regarding the participants' performance while various aspects of the completed simulation are discussed (INACSL Standards Committee, 2016).

Prebriefing: An information and orientation session held prior to the start of a simulation activity in which instructions or preparatory information is given to the participants. The purpose of the briefing is to set the stage for a scenario, and assist participants in achieving scenario objectives (Lopreiato et al., 2016).

Facilitator/Debriefer: Person who leads participants through the debriefing and is knowledgeable and skilled in performing appropriate, structured, and psychologically safe debriefing sessions (Lopreiato et al., 2016).

Skills Lab: An instructional strategy that allows learners to progress through technical skills. The skills lab incorporates knowledge, skill and ability to accomplish a specific medical task; for example, performing sterile dressing changes or inserting a Foley catheter. The subject matter is customized and generally in smaller units to master the subject matter (Lopreiato et al., 2016).

Competence: Demonstrates the ability to perform a specific role or skill, based on standardized criteria.

Individuals having the state or quality of being adequately or well qualified to do the job properly. The criteria may include a set of defined behaviors that guide the identification, development, and evaluation of one's ability to perform a specific role (INACSL Standards Committee, 2016).

Serious Game: A game designed for a primary purpose other than pure entertainment. Serious games are simulations of real-world events or processes designed for the purpose of solving a problem (Lopreiato et al., 2016). Serious games are designed experiences that encourage the participant to learn by acting and experiencing in a well-ordered, problem-solving space. During games, participants learn by thinking and reflecting on their actions both while they are acting in terms of problem-solving and afterward. Their experiential learning is enhanced by this reflection. In a game, learners receive feedback on their performance and can promptly be made aware of mistakes or omissions during the exercise. Short-term patient consequences, such as hypoxia, are evident if the learner neglects to provide oxygen, just as they are in the real world. Games can take this a step further, to the point of providing rapid feedback that isn't available from the real world. The ability to compress time within a game provides a unique opportunity to teach potential long-term consequences that are often only theoretical in the real world (Stokowski, 2013).

Fidelity: The degree to which the simulation replicates the real event and/or workplace; this includes physical, psychological, and environmental elements (Lopreiato et al., 2016).

Fiction Contract: A concept that implies that engagement in simulation is a contract between the instructor and the learner; each has to do his or her part to make the simulation worthwhile (Lopreiato et al., 2016).

Feedback: Information given of dialog between participants, facilitator, simulator, or peer with the intention of improving the understanding of concepts or aspects of performance (INACSL Standards Committee, 2016). 1 INACSL Standards Committee (2016).

INACSL standards of best practice: Simulation facilitation. *Clinical Simulation in Nursing*, (12)S, S16-S20. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ecns.2016.09.007>. 2Lopreiato, J.O. (Ed.), Downing, D., Gammon, W., Lioce, L., Sittner, B., Slot, V., Spain, A. E. (Associated Eds.), and the Terminology Concepts Working Group. (2016). *Healthcare Simulation Dictionary*. Retrieved from <http://www.ssih.org/dictionary>. 3Stokowski, L.A. (2013). A digital revolution: Games, simulation, and virtual reality in nursing education. *Nursing Education*. Medscape. Retrieved from http://www.medscape.com/viewarticle/780819_3.

Participant (Student)	Simulator/Educator	Faculty/Staff
Come prepared by completing any pre-work assigned.	Review all course material prior to the session.	Ensure the proper set-up of the session, including the correct amount of supplies for anticipated learners.
Be on time.	Be on time.	Be on time.
Be willing to suspend your disbelief and treat the simulation as if it were a real-life encounter.	Inspect the set-up of the activity to assure that it aligns with the stated objectives and outcomes.	Respond appropriately and within a timely manner to equipment malfunctions.
	Conduct a pre-brief with learners, including the objectives of the sessions, the scheduling format, orientation to the environment, and expectations for confidentiality.	
Be fully engaged in both the simulation and the debriefing/feedback session.	Be fully engaged in both the simulation and the debriefing/ feedback session.	Engage in the session.
Be respectful of all participants, staff, and faculty.	Be respectful of all participants, staff, and faculty.	Be respectful of all participants, staff, and faculty.
Adhere to the dress code as stated in the Nursing Handbook unless otherwise notified.	Wear proper professional attire per university dress code.	Wear proper professional attire per university dress code.
Maintain confidentiality regarding the session.	Maintain confidentiality regarding the session.	Maintain confidentiality regarding the session.
Complete evaluation at the end of the session.	Complete evaluation at the end of the session.	Complete evaluation at the end of the session.

Notification:

The simulation coordinator should be informed immediately if support faculty/staff are not present for scheduled simulation hours, reporting an absence, or delayed. The absence of students from a simulation needs to be reported by the end of the day to the simulation coordinator and lead faculty member.

—Adapted from: Loyola University Chicago. (2015). *Center for simulation education: Ppolicy and procedure manual*. Retrieved from: hsd.luc.edu/media/healthsciencesdivision/centerforsimulationeducation/documents/policyprocedure2015.pdf.

POLICY: CONFIDENTIALITY

Purpose: To preserve the realism of the scenarios used in the Simulation Lab and to provide an equitable learning experience and psychological safety for each student.

Review: This policy shall be reviewed each spring during the Faculty Governance Retreat by the dean, simulation coordinator, and Faculty Governance Committee.

Policy: In order to preserve the realism of the scenarios used in the AU Simulation Lab and to provide an equitable learning experience for all students, all persons using the AU Simulation Lab will be required to sign a confidentiality agreement (see attached copy of Student Confidentiality). Because simulations may be recorded, manikin accessibility will be treated like a real patient. Students are expected to uphold all requirements of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPPA) and any other federal or state laws requiring confidentiality. Students agree to report any violations to their faculty or an instructor. The instructor is then required to notify the simulation coordinator immediately of that breach of confidentiality (Duke University School of Nursing, 2016; Loyola Center for Simulation Education, 2015; Missouri Southern State University, Washburn University Institute of Technology, 2016).

—Duke University School of Nursing. (2016). *Center for nursing discovery: Ppolicy and procedure manual*. Retrieved from: nursing.duke.edu/sites/default/files/centers/cnd_policy_and_procedure_6.20.16_jmd.pdf.

—Loyola University Chicago. (2015). *Center for simulation education: Ppolicy and procedure manual*. Retrieved from hsd.luc.edu/media/healthsciencesdivision/centerforsimulationeducation/documents/policyprocedure2015.pdf.

—Missouri Southern State University. (n.d.). *Policy procedures manual: Simulation center for interdisciplinary clinical education*. Retrieved from mssu.edu/academics/health-sciences/simulation-center/pdfs/LAB%20POLICY%20%20PROCEDURE%20MANUAL.pdf.

—Washburn University Institute of Technology. (2016). *Regional simulation center's policy procedure manual*. Retrieved from washburntech.edu/career-programs/health-care/sim%20lab%20rsc/Policy%20and%20Procedure%20Manual.pdf.

POLICY: PSYCHOLOGICAL SAFETY OF STUDENTS

Purpose: The purpose of this policy is to provide a systematic approach to creating and sustaining healthy conditions for the psychological well-being, preventing psychological injury, and identifying and positively managing the psychological injury of our students (Health and Safety Executive, 2012) ¹.

Review: This policy shall be reviewed each spring during the Faculty Governance Retreat by the dean, simulation coordinator, and Faculty Governance Committee.

Policy: The emotional well-being of students is a principal concern for the Nursing Simulation Lab. Confidentiality policies are in place to assure students of their privacy, and orientation to the simulation environment and equipment are provided at the beginning of each course/class to alleviate the anxiety of participants in simulation-based education (INACSL Standards Committee, 2016) ². This policy applies to everyone participating in the Nursing Simulation Lab and AUSON.

Policy Detail: Promotion of participant well-being.

- Empathy (trustworthy, even-handed, understanding, proactive)
- Clarity (clear goals, micro, and macro objectives, delegations)
- Engagement (decision-making, goal-alignment, teamwork)
- Learning (feedback, coaching, professional development)
- Course faculty and simulation lab coordinator information is readily available for all participants who might have concerns (Health and Safety Executive, 2012) ¹.

Identification of, and response to, participant disengagement:

- Withdrawal behaviors
- Discretionary absenteeism
- Lateness
- Cynicism
- Counterproductive behaviors
- Productivity (misuse of time and resources, unsafe behavior, poor attendance, presentism, alcohol/drug use)
- Property (theft, destruction, misuse of information)
- Political (gossip, favoritism, blaming behaviors)
- Interpersonal (inactivity, harassment, bullying, and violence) (Health and Safety Executive, 2012) ¹.

Evaluation: Evaluations routinely include questions specific to the debriefing process as a means of quality assurance and allow the simulation coordinator to ensure debriefings are perceived as non-threatening, objective, and protective of the confidentiality of all participants (INACSL Standards Committee, 2016) ².

¹Health and Safety Executive –UK-b. (2012). An example of a stress policy. Retrieved from hse.gov.uk/stress/pdfs/example_policy.pdf.

²INACSL Standards Committee (2016). INACSL standards of best practice: Simulation facilitation. *Clinical Simulation in Nursing*, (12)S, S16-S20. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ecns.2016.09.007>.

POLICY: LOANING OF EQUIPMENT

Purpose: The purpose of this Nursing Simulation Lab policy is to designate appropriate expectations and responsibility of individuals borrowing equipment for activities to support the educational programs of the uUniversity (Lopreiato et al., Downing, Gammon, Lioce, Sittner, Slot, Spain, 2016) 1.

Review: This policy shall be reviewed each spring during the Faculty Governance Retreat by the dean, simulation coordinator, and Faculty Governance Committee.

Policy: The Nursing Simulation Lab offers select equipment that can be borrowed by AU faculty, staff, and students. Equipment is available on a first-come, first-serve basis and must be properly signed out. It is the expectation that all equipment is functioning properly upon return. All equipment must be returned within 48 hours unless otherwise approved. Individuals who check out equipment are not allowed to give the equipment to others.

Procedure:

Borrowers must:

1. Complete the equipment sign-out log.
2. Pick up and drop off of equipment during normal business hours unless other arrangements are made in advance.
3. Agree to abide by the policy and procedures for use of the equipment.

¹Lopreiato, J.O. (Ed.), Downing, D., Gammon, W., Lioce, L., Sittner, B., Slot, V., Spain, A. E. (Associated Eds.), and the Terminology and Concepts Working Group. (2016). Healthcare Simulation Dictionary. Retrieved from <http://www.ssih.org/dictionary>.

POLICY: ASSESSMENT AND QUALITY IMPROVEMENT

Purpose: The AU Simulation Lab is committed to providing high-quality education and assessment sessions.

Review: This policy shall be reviewed each spring during the Faculty Governance Retreat by the dean, simulation coordinator, and Faculty Governance Committee.

Policy: In an effort to maintain standardization and overall quality, a quality improvement process is in place. This process requires the evaluation of all sessions held in the AU Nursing Simulation Lab. Resources for evaluation are located in the School of Nursing office.

Procedure:

1. Each participant evaluates the simulation program at the end of their course of study as part of the exit surveys. Questions on those surveys assess the overall simulation program and its effectiveness in promoting students' achievement of course and program outcomes, development of skills, and the ability to relate classroom learning to practice.
2. Students, course faculty, facilitators, and appropriate AU staff evaluate the simulation experiences at the end of each event and/or semester; these surveys address whether or not the simulations enabled students to meet objectives, prioritize interventions, develop skills, and if they were valuable, high-quality learning experiences.
3. Data from each of these surveys are reviewed collaboratively by facilitators, course faculty, and appropriate AU staff is used for revising the scenario or teaching modality as needed.
4. The evaluation of student learning and performance during simulation experiences and skills training is done to provide feedback to students for further learning (formative) and verify their achievement of skills and competencies (summative).

—Duke University School of Nursing. (2016). *Center for nursing discovery: Policy and procedure manual*. Retrieved from nursing.duke.edu/sites/default/files/centers/cnd_policy_and_procedure_6.20.16_jmd.pdf.

—Loyola University of Chicago. (2015). *Center for simulation education: Policy and procedure manual*. Retrieved from hsd.luc.edu/media/healthsciencesdivision/centerforsimulationeducation/documents/policyprocedure2015.pdf.

POLICY: UNIVERSAL PRECAUTIONS/SAFETY AND SECURITY

Purpose: The Simulation Lab policy assures that universal precautions, safety, and security are implemented throughout the lab.

Review: This policy shall be reviewed each spring during the Faculty Governance Retreat by the dean, simulation coordinator, and Faculty Governance Committee.

Procedure:

- **Infection Control** — Participants in simulated scenarios need to be mindful of all standard precautions and transmission-specific precautions (contact, droplet, airborne). Any piece of equipment that comes in contact with the simulated patient body fluids are considered contaminated and need to be handled appropriately. Gloves will be worn with all manikin interaction and non-sterile gloves should be disposed of in non-biohazard trash cans. If a sharps container is full, please inform the simulation coordinator so that it may be replaced.
- **Latex Warning** — Participants and faculty need to know that some of the equipment in the Simulation Lab contains latex. Those with a known sensitivity/allergy to latex need to contact the simulation coordinator. Every effort will be made to replace equipment with latex-free substitutions. All users who suffer from latex allergies should take precautions while using or handling the latex parts by wearing non-latex gloves.
- **“Clean” Needle Stick Guidelines** — In accordance with the Center for Disease Control (CDC), all sharps are to be handled safely and disposed of properly. In the event of a “clean” needle stick, faculty should be notified of the incident immediately so first aid can be provided. The simulation coordinator should be notified so that an incident report form can be filled out. Complications from a “clean” needle stick may include tenderness, minor bleeding or bruising, and infection.
- **Safety and Emergencies** — In case of fire, all are expected to evacuate the building and Campus Security needs to be notified immediately at ext. 3333. Fire extinguishers are in designated locations throughout the building.
- **Physical Safety** — All participants should be instructed on the safe handling techniques prior to practice and demonstration. Any person should use caution when practicing skills and should not lift a manikin or heavy object without assistance. The wheels of all equipment (beds, wheelchairs, stretchers, etc.) are to be locked during practice and after use. Any accident or injury needs to be reported immediately to the faculty. The simulation coordinator will complete all incident reports.

—*Duke University School of Nursing. (2016). Center for nursing discovery: policy and procedure manual. Retrieved from nursing.duke.edu/sites/default/files/centers/cnd_policy_and_procedure_6.20.16_jmd.pdf.*

—*Loyola University of Chicago. (2015). Center for simulation education: policy and procedure manual. Retrieved from hsd.luc.edu/media/healthsciencesdivision/centerforsimulationeducation/documents/policyprocedure2015.pdf.*

—*Missouri Southern State University. (n.d.). Policy procedures manual: Simulation center for interdisciplinary clinical education. Retrieved from mssu.edu/academics/health-sciences/simulationcenter/pdfs/LAB%20POLICY%20%20PROCEDURE%20MANUAL.pdf.*

—*Washburn University Institute of Technology. (2016). Regional simulation center’s policy procedure manual. Retrieved from washburntech.edu/career-programs/healthcare/sim%20lab%20rsc/Policy%20and%20Procedure%20Manual.pdf.*

NEEDLE -STICK AND BODY -FLUID EXPOSURE ALGORITHM

Contaminated exposure is defined as follows:

- A needle stick or cut caused by a needle or sharp that was actually or potentially contaminated with blood or body fluids.
- A mucous membrane (e.g., splash to the eye or mouth) exposure to blood or body fluids.
- A cutaneous exposure involving large amounts of blood or prolonged contact with blood, especially when the exposed skin is chapped, abraded, or afflicted with dermatitis.

The procedure for contaminated exposure is as follows:

1. Provide immediate care to the exposure site.
 - Cleanse the wound and surrounding area with soap and water for 15 minutes.
 - Flush nose or mouth with water for 15 minutes.
 - Irrigate eyes with clean water, saline, or sterile wash for 15 minutes.

2. Notify a nursing faculty.
3. Document on Student Occurrence Report.
 - If clean, monitor for infection and meet with the dean of the School of Nursing.
 - If contaminated (blood or body fluid), go to a local emergency room for treatment and, within 24 hours, follow up with the dean of the School of Nursing.

A Refusal of Post-Exposure Medical Treatment form must be signed if the individual refuses a medical evaluation.

POLICY: VIDEO CAPTURE RECORDING

Purpose: Outline the capability of displaying and capturing video recordings.

Review: This policy shall be reviewed each spring during the Faculty Governance Retreat by the dean, simulation coordinator, and Faculty Governance Committee.

Procedure: The AU Simulation Lab has the capability of displaying a variety of media. The lab has multiple cameras and microphones set up in the room, which can record any activity in the room. Recordings in the Simulation Lab are for educational purposes and debriefing opportunities with the appropriate faculty, staff, and participants. The confidentiality agreement signed by the students protects the privacy and discourages inappropriate discussion of video content or participants' performance in the simulation scenarios. Any viewing or publication outside of the classroom, such as posting on social media, is unacceptable and unethical and will result in disciplinary action from the individual's program. Participants and faculty should conduct themselves professionally as in the clinical setting since all interactions can be recorded.

—Duke University School of Nursing. (2016). *Center for nursing discovery: policy and procedure manual*. Retrieved from nursing.duke.edu/sites/default/files/centers/cnd_policy_and_procedure_6.20.16_jmd.pdf.

Section IX: Clinical Experiences

CHAPEL ATTENDANCE AS A NURSING STUDENT

Chapel/convocation attendance is an integral part of what it means to be a student in the Anderson University community. Chapel/convocation meets every Tuesday and Thursday at 11 a.m. and is one setting in which individuals from the campus community gather regularly for worship, enrichment, and community building.

All full-time students (12 semester hours or more) are required to meet the chapel/convocation requirement. Nursing students are excused from chapel while attending NURS clinical experience. If the student is not scheduled for clinical, the student is expected to attend chapel.

STUDENT COURSEWORK REVIEW (ACCREDITATION)

For purposes of program accreditation and evaluation, student work samples may be viewed by individuals outside the SON faculty. Student consent for this will be obtained annually upon admission to the School of Nursing.

STUDENT INCIDENT OR INJURY

Providing nursing care to the client with an infectious disease today remains one of the greatest challenges and concerns of the nursing profession. These diseases presently include, but are not limited to, human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), hepatitis B (HVB), methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*, and tuberculosis (TB). The School of Nursing shares in the concern for the safety of the student and patient.

Nursing faculty members will assist the student in caring for the physical and psychosocial needs of the patient, regardless of sex, religion, age, ethnic background, financial situation, and physical/emotional condition. The student is encouraged at any time to address questions and concerns with the nursing faculty when caring for any client, including care for the patient with a possible infectious disease.

The School of Nursing gives yearly instruction to each student in Standard Precautions according to recommendations from the Centers for Disease Control. The documentation of such instruction is contained in each student's folder housed in the School of Nursing office. In addition, students sign an agreement to follow Standard Precautions when caring for others.

In the event that a student should be exposed to body fluids, potentially infectious material, or be involved in other incidents during a clinical session, the student should follow the most current protocol recommended by the agency in which the incident occurs. All incidents or injuries must be reported to the clinical instructor immediately. The instructor will assist the student in identifying appropriate treatment and need for referral. Confidential testing and counseling are available through the Madison County Health Department. Examples of incidents or injuries include falls, needle sticks, back strain, and motor vehicle accidents.

It is recommended that students maintain health insurance while they are enrolled in NURS courses. Auto liability insurance is required for all drivers in the State of Indiana. Students may be required to show proof of insurance coverage.

Any costs incurred from an incident or injury that occurs during clinical experiences, including testing, diagnosis, and treatment of any infectious and/or communicable diseases, will be paid by the student or his/her insurance carrier. All nursing students must sign a release agreement with Anderson University School of Nursing and Kinesiology prior to attending clinical experiences.

SKILL LAB/ST. VINCENT ANDERSON REGIONAL CENTER FOR CLINICAL EXCELLENCE

Students are encouraged to use the lab equipment to enhance learning. Skill Lab faculty coordinator hours of employment are posted each semester.

During regular business hours, the Skill Lab coordinator, course instructor, or SON office staff are available for questions or concerns regarding the Skill Lab facilities. Invasive procedures should never be performed on any person outside of scheduled clinical experiences, supervised by an AUSON instructor, or approved agency licensed personnel.

A Skill Lab fee will be assessed each semester to support the ongoing supply and equipment needs. No refunds are granted for this fee if a student withdraws from nursing courses during the semester.

INCLEMENT WEATHER

The decision to postpone or cancel a clinical experience due to inclement weather will be made by the dean. All clinical experiences are to be considered canceled in the event the entire university closes. In the event of critical or multiple clinical cancellations, make-up learning opportunities will be planned by the clinical instructor.

LIABILITY INSURANCE

All nursing students enrolled in clinical nursing courses must be covered by liability insurance purchased through Anderson University. The student will be assessed for the cost of the insurance at the time of course registration and payment of fees on an annual basis.

The insurance, renewed each year, will be in effect until the student graduates or leaves Anderson University. If a student drops nursing classes after the charge has been applied to the account, a refund will not be given.

TRANSPORTATION

It is the responsibility of the student to arrange to be at the assigned agency at the assigned time. All travel arrangements are to be made by the student.

NURSING STUDENT UNIFORM

The grooming and general appearance of a nurse has a vital influence on the nurse-patient relationship. The nurse's attitudes about self as a professional and others are communicated through the image presented to clients and peers. Policies for student dress and appearance in the clinical area are provided to assist the student in complying with the requirements of our partnering organizations:

1. The designated AUSON uniform (scrub uniform) is worn for all clinical experiences unless otherwise indicated by the instructor. It is also required for observational experiences and skill lab test-outs.
2. A white lab coat may be worn over the scrub top or a neat, clean white or black shirt, may be worn underneath the scrub top for warmth. Other jackets and sweaters are not allowed in clinical units.

3. A current AU identification badge is required and must be visible during all clinical experiences.
4. Clean white or black shoes or professional clogs in black (Closed-toed, closed upper. No Crocs.) and white or black hose or socks are required.
5. A stethoscope and a watch with a second hand are required and are to be brought to all clinical experiences unless otherwise instructed.
6. A small pair of bandage scissors and a penlight are recommended.
7. The student should attend all clinical experiences prepared with a black pen and paper. Black ink is the only color allowed for paper documentation.
8. If street clothes are permitted for clinical experience, professional appearance is expected. Shorts, jeans, sleeveless tops and/or sandals are not permitted. Clothes that are revealing, fad-oriented, or are ill-fitting are not professional in appearance and should not be worn for clinical experiences.

GENERAL APPEARANCE

Hair:

1. Hair clean, check for dandruff or flaking hairspray on the uniform.
2. Neatly arranged, styled appropriately so as not to interfere with client care. Hair that is below the collar must be pulled up and contained in a ponytail. Hair that requires continual attention, hangs over the eyes, falls forward when bending, or is more suitable for a social occasion than the clinical setting is not appropriate.

Identification Tag:

1. To be worn on a uniform or other clinical attire for all clinical experiences.
2. It must be visible so that the name can be read.

Jewelry/Piercings, in accordance with the policies of our partner agencies:

1. One ring and watch may be worn.
2. One pair of pierced ear posts are permitted, with one post in each ear.
3. Body piercing appliances may not be worn on any facial structures or orifices while in the clinical area.
4. Some surgical or procedural areas may not allow jewelry.
5. Tattoos should be covered by the uniform or a clean white shirt under the uniform.

Toiletries:

1. Excessive use of cosmetics (eye shadow, make-up) is not appropriate for uniform attire.
2. To protect clients or coworkers with respiratory problems, perfumes and highly scented lotions or cosmetics are not allowed.

Hands:

1. Hands must be clean and washed in accordance with Standard Precaution Guidelines.
2. Nails are to be short (no more than ¼ in. past the end of the finger), freshly manicured, and appropriate for client care.
3. Chipped nail polish is not acceptable. Artificial nails are not permitted.

DONATIONS

Donations for general programs/projects/trips may be made to the Anderson University Development Office for recognition and tax purposes.

Section X: Student Affairs

STUDENT REPRESENTATION ON SON COMMITTEES

Current SON students are eligible to serve one-year terms on the following committees:

Faculty Governing Committee (FGC) — One representative each from the sophomore, junior, and senior classes will be elected by their peers. These representatives give voice to their respective classes at regularly scheduled FGC meetings. This representation affords students the opportunity to participate in SON governance.

Nursing Education Committee (NEC) — The NEC consists of seven members, including the chair (from among the faculty at large), one faculty from the School of Nursing, two faculty from the nursing prerequisite courses, one faculty from a campus major with a similar type practicum experience (athletic training, business, education, or social work), one nursing student from the senior nursing class (if a senior class member brings the grievance, then an alternate junior class member shall meet with the committee), and one undergraduate student at large.

The chair and faculty members will be appointed by the university provost and serve a three-year term. The provost will also appoint the student at large to a one-year term at the beginning of the fall semester. The senior nursing student (and the alternate junior nursing student) will be appointed to a one-year term by the Nursing Faculty Governing Committee at the beginning of the fall semester.

Criteria for students chosen to serve on the nursing education committee includes enrollment in the Anderson University School of Nursing, a cumulative grade point average (GPA) of 2.5 or higher, and satisfactory clinical performance in enrolled nursing classes.

Responsibility: The committee acts as an appeal body in cases of a student clinical failure grievance. The function of the committee is to determine if the School of Nursing (SON) decision related to the clinical failure is fair, unbiased, and proportional to the patient care action taken by the student as it relates to the course objectives and expected student outcomes. The chair will vote only to break a tie decision.

General guidelines for student representatives:

1. During the first week of classes, the course coordinators for 2231, 2241, 3351, 3361, 44510, and 45210 will ask the class for volunteers to serve on the Nursing Faculty Governing Committee and the Nursing Policy Committee. If more than one person volunteers to serve on a committee, an election will be held by secret ballot.
2. Only students able to attend the scheduled meeting times should volunteer as representatives.
3. Students are expected to regularly attend the committee meetings.
4. Student representatives are to gather information from their classmates about academic issues that need to be addressed by the committee structure. Efforts should be made to gather a representative sample of comments.
5. Items may arise during the meeting that are confidential and must be kept such as the student representative.
6. The student representative should report back to their class about non-confidential items raised in the meetings.
7. If student representatives have questions about issues covered during the meeting, they should approach the dean of the School of Nursing for clarification.
8. Student representatives should not try to interpret items raised in the meeting, but instead direct their classmates to the dean of the School of Nursing for questions.
9. Students will rotate each semester, serving one term.

SIGMA THETA TAU INTERNATIONAL, HONOR SOCIETY OF NURSING

Anderson University and Ball State University will merged chapters to create the Beta Rho At Large chapter.

Organization Mission: The mission of the honor society of nursing, Sigma Theta Tau International, is to support the learning, knowledge, and professional development of nurses committed to making a difference in health worldwide.

Society Vision: The vision of Sigma Theta Tau International is to create a global community of nurses who lead in using knowledge, scholarship, service, and learning to improve the health of the world's people.

Membership: Membership is by invitation to baccalaureate and graduate nursing students who demonstrate excellence in scholarship and to nurse leaders exhibiting exceptional achievements in nursing.

DEPARTMENTAL HONORS RECOGNITION POLICY

This policy applies to students who are eligible to receive departmental honors at graduation. The requirements are as follows:

1. A cumulative grade point average of 3.0 or above to be calculated at the end of the seventh semester.
2. Departmental grade point average of 3.5 or above to be calculated at the end of the seventh semester.
3. A maximum number of honorees is 10% of departmental graduates.
4. Minimum of 60 hours of study completed at Anderson University by the time of graduation.
5. Transfer students will submit all transcripts for review.
6. Satisfactory completion of an Honors Project. The project should consist of an outstanding intercultural proposal submitted at the end of the seventh semester, a formal presentation for the university community to be given during the eighth semester, and formal approval by the Nursing Faculty Governing Committee.

Procedure:

1. The departmental honors recognition policy will be introduced during the sophomore year.
2. At the end of their seventh semester, interested students should seek approval to pursue honors. The SON (dean or her designee) will determine if GPA requirements have been met at the end of the seventh semester.
3. After the NURS 4470 intercultural proposals have been graded, the FGC will make recommendations of student candidates. The recommendations are based on GPA, quality of the proposal, and a maximum number of students the department is allowed to honor in a particular year based on the number of senior candidates for graduation.
4. Candidates approved to seek honors recognition will deliver a formal presentation of their intercultural research and study at the AU Scholars Day. This presentation will be given during the eighth semester to students and faculty of the Anderson University community. Specific requirements for this event will be announced in the spring semester or as soon as available. The coordinator on NURS 4540 will serve as the faculty advisor for SON students for this event.
5. School of Nursing Honors will be awarded at the end of the eighth semester to those candidates who successfully completed the requirements.

SON STUDENT AWARDS AND CRITERIA

The Nursing Servanthood Award

Servants are those who allows something to be accomplished through them. The only agenda a servant has in mind is one of the people being served. Understanding a global perspective of our society and providing compassionate, competent care as a nursing servant exemplifies this graduate selected for this award. Demonstrating a life of faith and service in the church and society is an integral part of this graduate's life. Ministry is defined as an act of serving through an instrument. This graduate has prepared themselves to become an instrument of service through developing a base knowledge of all aspects of nursing, community, social justice, diversity, faith, and society.

This graduate is positioned to work collaboratively with patients, families, and the interprofessional team to eliminate health inequalities, advocate for social justice, and commit to the health promotion of vulnerable populations. With a servant's heart, this graduate will impact the widespread disparities in healthcare experienced in our country and our world. (Language: American Association of Colleges of Nursing, Essentials of Baccalaureate Education for Professional Practice, 08)

Criteria:

- Minimum overall cumulative GPA of 3.0 or higher at the conclusion of the seventh semester.
- Exemplifies excellence in servanthood.
- Reflects the ethos of the School of Nursing and Kinesiology and Anderson University as mirrored in the university seal (faith, truth, and service).

Procedure:

- Nursing students to graduate during the spring/summer term of their senior year are eligible.
- The nursing faculty will make a determination based on the above-stated criteria.
- The award will be made at the annual pinning ceremony.

The Excellence in Clinical Practice Award

Professional nursing practice is grounded in the translation of current evidence into practice. As a practitioner at the point of care, this baccalaureate graduate is uniquely positioned to monitor patient outcomes and identify practice issues.

In collaboration with other healthcare team members, this graduate participates in documenting and interpreting evidence for improving patient outcomes. Additionally, this graduate demonstrates clinical reasoning within the context of patient-centered care to form the basis for nursing practice that reflects ethical values.

He/she conducts comprehensive and focused physical, behavioral, psychological, spiritual, socioeconomic, and environmental assessments of health and illness parameters in inpatient, using developmentally and culturally appropriate approaches. He/she creates a safe care environment that results in excellent patient outcomes. Effective communication with all members of the healthcare team is embodied in this graduate.

Further, he or she has an awareness of patients as well as healthcare professionals' spiritual beliefs and values and how those beliefs and values impact care. Most importantly, this graduate demonstrates tolerance for the ambiguity and unpredictability of the world and its effect on the healthcare system as related to nursing practice. (Language: American Association of Colleges of Nursing, Essentials of Baccalaureate Education for Professional Practice, 08)

Criteria:

- Minimum overall GPA of 3.5 or higher.
- Exemplifies excellence within the nursing major with an emphasis on excellence in practice as evidenced by the implementation of holistic, patient-centered care. This care reflects an understanding of human growth and development, pathophysiology, pharmacology, medical management, and nursing management across the health-illness continuum, across the lifespan, and in all healthcare settings.

Procedure:

- Nursing students to graduate during the spring/summer term of their senior year are eligible.
- The nursing faculty will make a determination based on the above-stated criteria.
- The award will be made at the annual pinning ceremony.

The Lifelong Learner Award

Liberal education is one that intentionally fosters wide-ranging knowledge of science, cultures, and society; high-level intellectual and practical skills; and the demonstrated ability to apply to learn complex problems and challenges across the course of life.

Liberal education is critical to the generation of responsible citizens in a global society. In addition, liberal education is needed for the development of intellectual and innovative capacities for current and emergent generalist nursing practice. Acknowledgment of the need for continual learning in and outside of nursing practice demonstrates a commitment to the profession.

This graduate exercises appropriate clinical judgment and accepts responsibility for the continued development of self and the discipline of nursing. He/she assumes responsibility and accountability for ongoing professional development and lifelong learning in

a perpetually changing healthcare environment. (Language: American Association of Colleges of Nursing, Essentials of Baccalaureate Education for Professional Practice, 08).

Criteria:

- Minimum overall G.P.A. of 3.0 or higher.
- Exemplifies excellence within the nursing major while meeting life and educational challenges with dignity and serenity.
- Incorporates education into a developmental plan for life.

Procedure:

- Nursing students to graduate during the spring/summer term of their senior year are eligible.
- At midterm during the spring semester, nursing majors in the senior year courses may submit a written nomination to the Faculty Governing Committee exemplifying how their senior nominee meets the award criteria.
- The nursing faculty will review the written nominations and criteria, and designate an award recipient.
- The award will be made at the annual pinning ceremony.

The Nursing Scholar Award

Scholarship for the baccalaureate graduate involves identification of practice issues, appraisal and integration of evidence, and evaluation of outcomes. This graduate provides compassionate care informed by a scientific base of knowledge, including current evidence from nursing research.

This graduate demonstrates academic excellence in the nursing major, grounded in a firm foundation of the liberal arts. He/she manifests a basic understanding of how evidence is developed, including the research process, clinical judgment, interprofessional perspectives, and patient preference as applied to practice. (Language: American Association of Colleges of Nursing, Essentials of Baccalaureate Education for Professional Practice, 08).

Criteria:

- Minimum overall cumulative G.P.A. of 3.7 or higher at the conclusion of the seventh semester.
- Exemplifies academic excellence.
- Reflects the ethos of the School of Nursing and Anderson University as mirrored in the seal (faith, truth, and service).

Procedure:

- Nursing students to graduate during the spring/summer term of their senior year are eligible.
- The nursing faculty will make the determination based on the above-stated criteria.
- The award will be made at the annual pinning ceremony.

Section XII: Employment and Licensure

STUDENT NURSE EMPLOYMENT

The faculty recognizes that students need and desire to work while they are enrolled in school. While the faculty acknowledges that students can gain experience from outside employment, we also believe that consideration must be given to the number of hours and types of employment students seek. The additional workload of outside employment may jeopardize academic or clinical performance. Students are expected to schedule employment time around the school schedule, including clinical and outside class assignments.

RULES AND REGULATIONS FROM INDIANA STATE BOARD OF NURSING APPLICATIONS

Students will need to complete two types of applications (the NCLEX Candidate Bulletin and the Indiana licensure application). The NCLEX bulletin may only be accessed at www.ncsbn.org. Indiana applications for licensure by examination must be completed by

each candidate and must be submitted to the Indiana Professional Licensing Agency. The registration with NCLEX must be completed according to the instructions in the NCLEX Candidate Bulletin. Both the Indiana licensure application and the NCLEX registration process must be completed before eligibility to take the examination can be granted by the Indiana State Board of Nursing.

State Application

- Applications may be submitted online at *MyLicense.IN.gov* or completed by paper and mailed to our office.
- Application Fee of \$50.00: Pay by credit or debit card for applications submitted online at *MyLicense.IN.gov*. If applying by paper/mail, make checks or money orders payable to Indiana Professional Licensing Agency. All application fees are nonrefundable.
- If you have not completed high school, a copy of your GED scores must accompany this application.
- If you submit a paper application, a confirmation email advising you to do your criminal background check will be sent to the email address supplied on the application. If the application is submitted online, you may start your criminal background check process once the receipt screen appears after submitting your online application and payment. Applicants who complete a criminal background check prior to their application being received will be required to complete another criminal background check.
- The certificate of completion must be completed by the dean, director, or designer of the domestic program of nursing with an original signature and received at the board's address before you can be declared eligible to take the examination. This form must be provided directly from the program of nursing. The board will not accept a certificate of completion form provided by parties other than the nursing program's dean, director, or designer.
- All documents being sent to our office from a direct source should be mailed to:

Indiana Professional Licensing Agency
Attn: Nursing Board
402 West Washington Street
Room W072
Indianapolis, IN 46204

NCLEX Application and Registration

The NCLEX application and registration process must be completed according to the instructions in the NCLEX Candidate Bulletin. The NCLEX bulletin may only be accessed at www.ncsbn.org. You may register by mail, or telephone at (866) -496-2539, or internet at www.ncsbn.org. The current fee for the NCLEX is \$200 payable to the National Council of State Boards of Nursing in the form of a certified check, cashier's check, or money order.

Certificate of Completion Form

This certificate must be completed by the dean/director/designee of the program of nursing and received at the board's address (above) before you can be declared eligible to take the examination. This form must be provided directly from the program of nursing. The board will not accept a certificate of completion form provided by parties other than the nursing program's dean, director, or designee.

Verification of Licensure

We must receive verification from every state, territory, and country in which you hold or have held a nursing license. States that participate in NURSUS are as follows: AL, AR, CO, DE, DC, FL, ID, IN, IA, KY, ME, MD, MA, MN, MS, MO, MT, NB, NH, NJ, NM, NC, ND, OH, OR, RI, SC, SD, TN, TX, UT, VT, VA, WA, WV-PN only, WI, and WY. You can register online at nursys.com.

All other states not participating in NURSUS and countries must be sent a Verification of State Licensure Form to be completed by that respective state board and returned to our office. Please check with each state to see if there is a fee for this service. Verification needs to be sent from every state on which you hold or have ever held a nursing license.

You must also provide verification of all health-related licenses and certificates you hold or have held, including but not limited to CNA licenses, EMT certifications, etc.

Admission to Examination

Please refer to the NCLEX Candidate Bulletin for information on admission procedures.

Name Changes

A copy of a marriage certificate or divorce decree must be submitted by candidates who have changed their names after the application has been filed. Please specify on the name change document the type of examination for which you applied and the date of the examination.

Special Accommodations

Candidates who require special accommodations or modification of the normal examination procedures must notify the board in writing when the application is filed and state the modification being requested. A letter from an appropriate health professional confirming the diagnosis of the disability or condition must also be submitted with the application, as well as a letter from the nursing program stating accommodations made by the program, if any. Candidates will be notified of the arrangements made by the board.

Notification of Results

The processing of examination results may take at least three weeks to complete from the date the candidate was administered the examination. Successful candidates who have met all the other application requirements for licensure will receive an email from the Indiana Professional Licensing Agency with a license number.

Unsuccessful candidates will receive a notification letter and an application to retake the examination. Examination results are not given out via telephone. Excessive calls inquiring about results only hinders our staff's ability to process them as quickly as possible. New licenses can be verified on the internet via Access Indiana at in.gov/pla.

Any questions regarding the application process should be directed to (317) 234-2043 or pla2@pla.IN.gov. Please allow at least four weeks before you call regarding the status of your application for examination.

Renewal of RN Licenses

Registered Nurse (RN) licenses expire on October 31 of odd-numbered years regardless of the issuance date. Please consider this when you are applying for licensure. The renewal fee is \$50. If you fail to renew by the expiration date, you will be assessed a \$50 late fee.

It is your responsibility as a licensed nurse to make sure that the Indiana Professional Licensing Agency always has your current address. Renewal notifications will be sent to the address on record. Renewals will be available online at in.gov/pla. You may update your address online at any time by logging into Indiana's Online Licensing Service. Your login ID will be your license number, and your password will be your social security number.

Your social security number is being requested by this state agency in accordance with Indiana Code 4-1-8-1. Disclosure is mandatory, and this record cannot be processed without it.

